

Qu'Appelle Progress.

Vol. IV.

QU'APPELLE, N.W.T., FRIDAY, SEPT. 27, 1889.

No. 47.

Business Directory.

QU'APPELLE.

QUEEN'S HOTEL,
Valintosh Bros., Proprietors.

LELAND HOUSE,
Love & Raymond, Proprietors.

S. H. CASWELL,
General Merchant.

J. P. BEAUCHAMP,
General Merchant.

G. H. V. BULYEA,
Insurance and General Agent, Dealer in Flour and Feed, Furniture, etc.

WM. BRYDON,
Chemist and Druggist.

P. E. DURST,
Watchmaker and Jeweller.

W. H. BELL,
Wholesale and Retail Butcher, Dealer in Fresh and Cured Meats, Sausage, etc.

A. MCKENZIE,
Baker, Dealer in Fruits, Confectionery, etc.

J. G. MCKENZIE,
Merchant Tailor.

JAMES WEIDMAN,
Sack and Job Printer and Publisher.

J. B. MILLIKEN & Co.,
Harness and Saddlery.

S. H. COLLINS,
Boots and Shoes.

G. M. BAILEY,
Boot and Shoe repairing promptly executed on the premises formerly known as the McManus hotel.

D. H. McMILLAN, & BRO.,
Qu'Appelle Roller Mills.

J. A. COWAN,
General Agent for A. Harris, Son & Co's Agricultural Implements, Qu'Appelle Sta.

H. A. AXFORD,
Agent for Massey Manufacturing Co. Complete farmers outfits always on hand.

A. C. PATERSON,
Forwarder & General Agent.

J. H. MACCAUL,
Lumber Merchant and Insurance Agent.

A. HOLLINGSHEAD,
House, Sign and Carriage Painter.

J. B. ROBINSON,
Contractor, Builder, etc.

J. BURGHALL & SONS,
Builders & Contractors.

LEESON & SCOTT,
Prince Albert Mail Stage line leaves Qu'Appelle every Tuesday morning.

R. JOHNSTON,
Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

J. McEWEEN,
General Blacksmith.

FRANK MARWOOD,
General Blacksmith.

J. C. PRICE,
Carriage and Wagon Maker.

J. R. BUNN,
Contractor in Plastering, Kalsomining, Brickwork, Stonework, etc.

E. J. WEIDMAN,
Dealer in Books, Stationery, etc. Agent for Organs and Sewing Machines.

LESLIE GORDON,
Advocate, Notary Public, Conveyancer.

COMMISSIONER FOR MANITOBA, &c.

Agent for Canada North West Land Co. and Qu'Appelle Town Site.

Fire & Life Insurance. MONEY TO LEND.
QU'APPELLE STATION, N.W.T.

R. DUNDAS STRONG, B. A.,
LAW OF SUPREME COURT, ENGLAND, NOTARY PUBLIC, Solicitor, &c.

Money to Lend. Fire, Life and Accident Insurance effected.
QU'APPELLE STATION, N.W.T.

W. SYME REDPATH,
Advocate, Notary Public, Issuer of Marriage Licenses and Insurance Agent.
Box 42.
QU'APPELLE, N.W.T.

W. T. THOMPSON, D. T. S.,
DOMINION LAND SURVEYOR AND
CIVIL ENGINEER.
QU'APPELLE STATION.

G. S. DAVIDSON,
LICENSED AUCTIONEER
For the North-West Territories. Sales conducted on the shortest notice. Arrangements can be made at my Office, or at the Progress Office.

REGINA.

DAWSON, BOLE & Co.,
Wholesale Druggists, Regina, N. W. T.

The North-West.

News Culled for The Progress by our own correspondents.

BROADVIEW.

—The weather has quite changed today, Monday, yesterday was beautiful and today cold and windy.

—Miss Lewis is gone out to Colonel McDonald's, at the Agency, this week. The Colonel is off to Winnipeg on Monday morning.

—Rev. Mr. Bennie gave a good sermon on Sunday evening in the Methodist church, on "The Straight Gate and Narrow Way," Math. 7:14.

—The agricultural hall is now closed in and will be made good use of on Friday, the 27th. That is our fair day and we expect a big time.

—The threshing machine is making its presence felt in this locality this week and we wish it had more to do. Crops are generally light, but the grain is first class No 1 hard.

—I hear that the secretary of the Debating Society, suggests that they have no ministers to help in debates this year. Right you are my boy. Yours was beaten last year and would be again this—sure.

(Received too late for last issue.)

—Who says Broadview is going down? We have now a good agricultural hall in process of erection. Mr. Calder has the contract, and he is just the man to make a good job of it. It is a frame building on a stone foundation, and is to be ready for the "Show Fair" on Friday the 28th inst.

—The English Church people here are about to build a church this fall. Mr. Calder has the contract for this also.

—Can your postal authorities get letters when there is no mail train comes in? We can. No letters in the morning sometimes, and yet before evening there are letters many a time both from East and West!!

—We have now got a good dressmaker located here, Miss Lewis from Moosomin. She is giving satisfaction as to 'fit,' fashion and price.

MOOSOMIN.

LAYING CORNER STONE

—On Friday last Rev. Canon O'Meara, Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Manitoba, A.F. & A.M., laid the corner stone of the new Methodist church under erection in Moosomin with Masonic honors. At 15 o'clock an emergent communication of the Grand Lodge was held in Moosomin lodge room, the Grand Master presiding. Representatives were present from Winnipeg, Virden and Qu'Appelle with a full attendance of Moosomin brethren. At 16 o'clock a procession was formed, at the head of

which was the Moosomin Brass Band, led by Mr. Beer, of the Courier. After a short march the church was reached, and after a hymn and a short service according to Methodist discipline, the beautiful Masonic ceremony was performed by M.W. Bro. Rev. Canon O'Meara, assisted by the brethren present. Concluding the Grand Master delivered a most excellent and appropriate address. A collection was taken and liberally responded to, after which the procession was reformed and returned to the Masonic Hall.

A tea-party in aid of the building fund of the Methodist church was held in Academy hall. Tea was served from 17 to 18 o'clock, after which an excellent program was given. Mr. J. R. Neff, M.L.A., filled the chair in the happy manner characteristic of that gentleman. The Methodist choir gave some superior renderings of choice music, and the brass band played some fine pieces. And in reference to addresses we believe we are safe in saying that never before in the Northwest was a similar gathering treated to such excellent speeches. Rev. J. M. Harrison, of Regina, spoke on the foundation of true manhood, and Rev. Canon O'Meara followed in a similar strain and paid a very high compliment to the grand work done in Canada by the Methodist church. Rev. A. Andrews, of Virden, though following two remarkably good speeches, held the interest of the audience unabated. Mr. Sargeant also spoke in a most appropriate and entertaining manner. Votes of thanks all round concluded one of the best tea meetings we ever had the pleasure of attending.

A very pleasing incident of the day was a lunch given to the Masonic fraternity by Mr. J. R. Neff, M.L.A., at his residence on the outskirts of the town. Mr. Neff is the popular representative of the district in the Northwest Legislature.

REGINA.

—Coroner Dodd held an inquest on Saturday upon the suicide, Joseph Grund. The jury empanelled was as follows: J. J. Young, foreman; E. B. Read, D. W. Smith, D. A. McDonald, J. M. Chatwin and W. M. Child. The jury surveyed the body as it was suspended. The witnesses examined were Ernest Haag, Anna Grund, (the daughter), Bertha Schwaundt, and Corp. Forrester, N.W.M.P. From the physician's report and the time he was last seen alive, it appears the deed had been committed on Thursday night, and the body had hung undiscovered until Friday night. The daughter's testimony showed deceased had at one time been in affluent circumstances in Austria, his native country, but speculation had reduced him. He had been here only a few months. Besides the girl, he had a son here, who is at present working on the railway. His wife and seven children are now on their way expecting to join him here. Two hundred dollars in cash was left in the house and from papers found it was shown that he had \$1000 coming from the Austrian Government as compensation for the death of a brother killed in 1886, the money to be paid in 25 years from that date. The letter he left on the table was written in German, and translated runs thus:

"Dear family—I cannot look on this misery. I have been deceived. I did not expect it thus as I brought you here. Therefore I have taken my life. We are an unfortunate family. May God protect and pardon. With trembling hand I write you these few lines, that you may know why I did this. It was hard for me; God pardon my soul." The verdict of the jury was "Hanged during temporary insanity."

SALT COATS.

—A grist mill and elevator are among Saltcoats' next season certainties.

—Rev. P. K. Lyon, of Churchbridge has been ill, but will soon be able to resume his duties.

—A prairie fire to the west, and within sight of the town, has been burning for the last three days, but has done no damage.

—Mr. Moore, railway section foreman, killed four pelicans and wounded three others on the lake here at one shot, one day last week.

—G. B. Borradaile, Crofter commission agent, has gone to Winnipeg by this train to meet the secretary of the Crofter Colonization Board, of London, Eng.

—Mr. Kent, a farmer living near Crescent, whither he came from Ontario this spring, has been stricken with apoplexy. As he is very old his recovery is doubtful.

S. G. Fisher is finishing the house on High Street, formerly occupied by A. E. Lowes. It is being fitted up as a drug store, and will be occupied by Dr. Patrick.

—Another well-to-do English family came here by the last train to settle. We get a well-to-do consignment of old country people, who come to stay, by almost every train. This augurs well for the future development of this district.

—Sergeant Richards' (N.W.M.P.) excellent letter on the Devil's Lake country in Friday's Free Press, is a most worthy production. May it have the effect it ought to have in turning attention toward the fertile and accessible Devil's Lake country.

—We note with pleasure that His Excellency is to be with us on the 27th inst. Tuesday is the Stirling Agricultural society's fair day here. We regret His Excellency will not arrive that day, so that he might see our yearling town in gala dress.

—Mr. Kimber, the English M.P., who is very much interested in the immigration and prosperity of the English, Scotch and Irish peasantry, is here to day with Land Commissioner Eden of the M. & N. W., and has gone to the Crofter settlement.

—Mr. C. E. Cummings, principal of our public schools, left for Troy (near Hamilton, Ont.), on the 15th inst., to visit a dying sister, whom he has not seen for eight years. He hoped to return within a month. Meanwhile the doctor wields the gad in his stead.

—Grading the railway extension has given work to all who want it. Messrs. McNutt and Wright have sublet three miles of their contract to farmers in the vicinity. They have nearly two miles graded, and have secured a further contract. In all, fifteen miles will be graded this fall. The line of the road runs within five miles of Yorkton.

Sunday School Lessons.

In this country where settlement is so rapid, and may have not frequent opportunities of attending public worship, our Bible lessons will be a great help to the study of one set portion of Scripture for each Sunday. The head of the family should collect its members around him and, if possible, sing some hymn and offer prayer, then read the portion of Scripture set for the day, take up each verse and try to induce each member of the family to talk about it and ask questions. The comments on the lessons will help to make the study interesting and will be valuable to aid in answering questions. This should not, however, be allowed to interfere with opportunities to attend at preaching services as frequently as possible. To the regular Sunday school teacher and scholar our Bible study column commends itself by experience.

ALL UNITED UNDER DAVID

LESSON I, FOURTH QUARTER, INTERNATIONAL SERIES, OCT. 6.

Text of the Lesson, II Sam. v. 1-12—Comment Verses 1-3—Golden Text, Psalm cxviii. 1—Commentary by the Rev. D. M. Stearns.

[Compiled from Lesson (Fourth Quarter) by permission of H. H. Hoffman, publisher, Philadelphia.]

1. "Then came all the tribes of Israel to David unto Hebron." After the death of Saul and his sons, as recorded in the last lesson, the way seemed open for David to take the throne to which he had been anointed years before, and for which he had so patiently waited, not taking matters into his own hands and risking himself of his enemy as he might have done on several occasions, but calmly waiting God's own time and way.

2. "When Saul was king over us, thou wast he that holdest out and broughtest in Israel." They remembered how David, and not Saul, slew Goliath and delivered them from the Philistines, and how David afterwards led forth so successfully the armies of Israel (II Sam. xviii); but the wonder is that they did not think of this sooner.

"And the Lord said to thee, Thou shalt feed my people Israel, and thou shalt be a captain over Israel." Why, then, not carry out the Lord's wishes long ere this? Let the questions come home. We know that the rightful king of all this earth is Jesus, heir of all things; that He shall be king over all the earth; that to Him all kings shall fall down, and all nations serve Him (Heb. i, 2; Zech. xiv, 9); we know also that Zion cannot be rebuilt till the fullness of the Gentiles be come in, and the Lord appear in His glory (Rom. xi, 25; Ps. cii, 16); and we know that the will of the Lord is that the Gospel of the kingdom shall be preached in all the world for a witness unto all nations, that thus the end may come (Matt. xxiv, 14); knowing these things, why does not every church, and every individual, take up and do something to hasten the time when Jesus shall be king over all the earth, by striving to their utmost to preach the Gospel to every creature? You answer.

3. "They anointed David king over Israel." So the Lord had revealed, and finally came to pass, for every purpose of the Lord shall be performed. David does not upbraid them because of their delay, nor complain of their past treatment, but meekly makes a league with them before the Lord. He sees God, and not men, and is still.

4. "David was thirty years old when he began to reign, and he reigned forty years." Then all his rejection, humiliation and sufferings came to him as a young man; so it was also with Jesus our Saviour and coming King. Young men and women are apt to think it hard to have to suffer and be humiliated; let them remember David and Jesus, and that it is written, "It is good for a man that he bear the yoke in his youth."

5. "In Hebron . . . seven years and six months; and in Jerusalem . . . thirty-three years." It is very profitable, Biblically to associate places with the events which occurred there. Hebron, a city of Judah, some twenty miles south of Jerusalem, will ever be a delightful place to the Bible student, not only because of David's two anointings and his seven years' reign, but also because of its earlier associations with Abraham, Isaac and Jacob, Joshua and Caleb; there lies, still sacredly guarded, the dust of the patriarchs, and from the cave of Machpelah shall yet come forth their glorified bodies. Jerusalem, of cities that have ever been or ever will be, stands first; there our Lord was crucified, there His precious blood flowed forth, in Pilate's hall, in Gethsemane and on Calvary, there He was buried and there He rose from the dead; from thence He ascended to the right hand of God, and thither He shall return in power and glory to rebuild Zion, make Jerusalem His throne, and consequently the capital of the whole earth. (Is. li, 10; Jer. lii, 17, 18.)

6. "And the king and his men went to Jerusalem with the Jebusites." The old name of Jerusalem was Jebus, it was a great stronghold, and we read that neither the children of Judah nor Benjamin could drive out the inhabitants, but they were allowed to dwell there with Israel. (I Chron. xi, 4, 5; Josh. xv, 63; Judges i, 21.) This was a standing disgrace to Israel during all their history since Joshua led them into the land up to this time; and now, when David determines to wipe out this disgrace, he is told by these defilers of God and His people that the blind and the lame are able to hold the fort against him.

7-9. "Nevertheless, David took the strong-hold of Zion, . . . so David dwelt in

the fort and called it the City of David." He who in the name of the God of Israel slew Goliath went forth in the same great name against these enemies of God and proved the faithfulness of Him who had said "There shall no man be able to stand before thee." (Deut. vii, 24.) The Jebusites had never before had to contend with one who so relied upon the God of Israel, and therefore they knew not His power, and treated Him and His professed people with contempt. There are in our churches of today, and in the hearts of many who are called Christians, both preachers and hearers, strong corners which are held by the enemy, and which ought to be possessed by the Spirit for the glory of God; but the enemy has so long been permitted to hold undisputed possession that he laughs at any attempt to dislodge him, and so believers and churches are overcome instead of being overcomers.

10. "And David went on and grew great, and the Lord God of hosts was with him." Going and growing are the two words in the margin, thus should every believer daily advance, growing in grace and in the knowledge of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. (I Pet. iii, 18), our motto being "still upward, still upward, still upward!" remembering that every winding about makes an enlarging, and there is always One in the midst (Ezek. xii, 7), or this of Paul: "This one thing I do, forgetting those things which are behind, and reaching forth unto those things which are before, I press toward the mark for the prize of the high calling of God in Christ Jesus." (Phil. iii, 13, 14.) Thus shall our daily life be a going and growing; but we shall never get to it till, like David, we realize that "The Lord God of hosts is with us," and firmly believing this, seek with the whole heart a more intimate acquaintance with Him, and thus cultivate a more implicit reliance upon Him.

11. "And Hiram king of Tyre sent messengers to David, and cedar trees, and carpenters, and masons, and they built David an house." Here is a Gentile king and his people, coming cheerfully to the king of Israel to do him honor; thus shall it be, as the prophets everywhere tell us, when the kingdom shall have been restored to Israel.

12. "David perceived that the Lord had established him king over Israel, and that He had exalted his kingdom for His people Israel's sake." Notice in this verse two things: First, that the Lord had done it all; it was not David's patience or wisdom or might, but the Lord alone that did it all; and, second, that it was done for His people Israel's sake.

BRONCHITIS CURED.

After spending Ten Winters South, was Cured by Scott's Emulsion.

165 Centre St., New York.

Jan. 22, 1900.

The Winter after the great fire in Chicago I contracted Bronchial affections, and since then have been obliged to spend nearly every Winter South. Last November was advised to try Scott's Emulsion of God Liver Oil with Hypophosphites and to my surprise was relieved at once, and by continuing its use three months was entirely cured, gained flesh and strength and was able to stand even the Blizzard and attend to business every day.

C. T. CHURCHILL.

Sold by all Druggists, 50c. and \$1.00.

—THE—

Canadian Pacific Railway

—IS THE—

Short & Direct Line

TO THE EAST.

Through trains leave Winnipeg daily (except Thursdays) at 10 o'clock, for Port Arthur, London, Toronto, Hamilton, Montreal, Kingston, Ottawa, Portland, Quebec, Halifax, St. John, Boston.

New York and all other points in Ontario, Quebec, and the Maritime Provinces and Eastern States.

No Change of Cars Between Winnipeg and Montreal.

At North Bay direct connection is made with trains of the Northern and Northwestern Railways for Toronto and all points in Western Ontario.

THROUGH SLEEPING CAR SERVICE Between Winnipeg, Montreal and Toronto.

ELEGANT DINING CARS attached to all through trains.

FREE SECOND-CLASS SLEEPING CARS.

When going east travel by this line and avoid unpleasant transfers and trouble in getting your baggage through the customs.

For tickets and information apply to C. P. R. City Ticket Office, 471 Main St., or at the Depot, GEO. H. CAMPBELL, Ticket Agent, GEO. OLDS, LUCIUS TUTTLE, Gen. Traffic Mgr., Passenger Traffic Mgr., ROBT. BERR, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

ARRIVED!

Direct from Eastern Manufacturers. One Carload of

Parlor Suites, Bed-room suites, Lounges, Easy Chairs, Sideboards, Tables, Chairs of all sorts,

These Goods will be sold at the Lowest Cash price and we would request intending purchasers to give us a call. We guarantee Goods and Prices to suit every one.

G. H. V. BULYEA.

NOVELS.

New Novels Received Every Week

AT THE

QU'APPELLE

MEDICAL HALL,

In "The Progress" Building.

A CAREFULLY ASSORTED STOCK OF

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES, TOILET ARTICLES,

TOGETHER WITH A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Books, Stationery & Fancy Goods,

FORMING A FIRST CLASS DRUG & STATIONERY STORE,

Horse and Cattle Medicines a Speciality.

Physicians Prescriptions and Family Recipes Carefully Compounded

PRICES RIGHT.

WM. BRYDON.

(Late Examiner of the Ontario College of Pharmacy.)

MANAGER.

Qu'Appelle, Oct. 18, 1888.

THE WANZER

SEWING MACHINES!

Received the following unprecedented distinctions at the Vienna Exhibition, 1873:

TWO MEDALS OF MERIT.

The Canada North-West Land Co.

(LIMITED.)

Offer for Sale

SELECTED FARM LANDS

In Manitoba and the North-West Territories,

Near the Canadian Pacific Railway Main Line

A large proportion of this Company's Lands is in thickly settled Districts.

For information, Prices and Maps, apply at the offices of the Company, 14 Castle street, Edinburgh, Scotland; 75 Lombard street, London, England; 1st Main street, Winnipeg, Manitoba.

W. B. SCARTH

MANAGING DIRECTOR FOR CANADA

Canadian Pacific Railway Town Lots.

THE TOWN SITE TRUSTEES OFFER FOR SALE

Building Sites at all Stations on Main Line of above Railway Between Brandon and Calgary

W. B. SCARTH, Trustee.

AGENT IN QU'APPELLE FOR LANDS AND TOWN LOTS.

LESLIE GORDON.

The Qu'Appelle Progress

Is Published every Thursday
At The Progress Printing Office, in the
Town of Qu'Appelle, Assiniboia, Canada.

Prohibition First in Politics.

The rates for our advertising space by contract are as follows:

	One week.	One month.	Three months.	One year.
One column	\$7.00	\$10.00	\$20.00	\$60.00
Half column	4.00	6.00	12.00	40.00
Quarter column	3.00	4.00	8.00	30.00
Three inches	2.00	4.00	8.00	25.00
Two inches	1.50	3.00	5.00	20.00

Business cards \$1.00 per month payable quarterly.

The above rates do not apply to auction sales, entertainments, tenders, meetings, legal notices, or anything of a transitory nature. Transient advertisements, 10 cents per line first insertion, 5 cents per line each additional insertion. Yearly advertisements allowed to be changed monthly, if offered \$1.00 will be charged for each additional change.

Business locals, 50 cents for first twenty-five words, 2 cents for each additional word. The publisher reserves the right to refuse to insert advertisements of a questionable or objectionable character.

Subscription price: \$1.00 per annum, invariably in advance; single copies 5 cents.

A liberal commission will be allowed to parties who are willing to act as agents for us. Write for terms.

Address, JAMES WEIDMAN,
Qu'Appelle Station, Assin.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 20, 1889.

PERTINACEOUS.

It is amusing to watch the Moosomin Courier and notice with what ease it glides out of a corner. It asserted that because the Cana wine was called good it was necessarily fermented, but when shown that the reverse was the case, the Courier says: "The solution of these questions, however, does not advance anything to prove that moderate drinking under restrictions of sale is so very detrimental to the advance of a nation or people." How graceful a crawlfish. Perhaps the Courier will tell us it "moderate drinking" is the proper thing why it should be restricted, and while it is about it an explanation is desirable as to what line of reasoning will prove that poison as a beverage is "good for our bodily comfort." It is not at all likely that the Courier will attempt it, for its editor knows better, as every intelligent man in this enlightened age knows, if he will only divest himself of the extraneous growth of opinion which has been grafted on by custom and a selfishly created appetite. No man of common sense, not even the editor of the Courier, will deny that an absolutely Prohibitory law thoroughly enforced would be as great a blessing as a license law is a curse. Indeed no attempt is ever made to deny it; the stock argument (?) is that such a thing is not possible, that Prohibition does not Prohibit, though experience has proven that Prohibition prohibits as much if not more than restriction restricts. Because Great Britain has flourished as a nation and has done so much for civilization is no argument in favor of whiskey drinking. Surely the Courier does not claim that it was alcoholic drinks made the British nation what it is to-day. The fact is she has grown great not because of the license laws, but in spite of them. In reference to the first part of the Courier's article, all we have to say is that we do not regard its platitudes of the first importance. When other matters demand our attention such trifles are allowed to pass, but when opportunity offers we turn to our contemporary by way of amusement.

Grover Cleveland, who was the author of the axiom, "Public office is a public trust," now says "Party honesty is party expediency." In other words, in the standpoint of the haves and fishes of office, it pays a political party to be honest. This is a truth the Liberal party

in Canada has never learned, and it accounts for the humiliating position it at present occupies. The Conservative party may not be much better morally, but it has at least been consistent on national questions, and has also had the advantage of fewer professions.—Sun.

The report as to the movements of the explorer, which comes by way of Brussels is probably authentic. It has become known that Stanley, after relieving Emin Bey, was to open up the country to the east of the White Nile and the Lakes, in the interest of the British East African Company, and if he has not failed in the second part of his mission he is probably engaged in establishing a route, with stations between Lake Victoria and Mombasa, the depot on the East Coast of the British Company.

Indian Head, Sept. 21, 1889.

To the Editor of the Progress:

SIR: Believing THE PROGRESS is ever ready to engage in the "Moral welfare" of the people in this district, will you kindly call attention to the fact that several gentlemen are in the habit of visiting Deep Lake and Strawberry Lake for the purpose of shooting game on the Sabbath day. The inhabitants of said district wonder if there is any law to prevent such practice? If there is, whose duty is it to see it enforced? Will you kindly let us have an answer to the above questions? And at the same time try to induce those gentlemen from the shire town to stay at home. It is true this is a free country, but surely no man is at liberty to destroy the Sabbath quiet of another.

Yours, etc.,

JOHN FERRY.

[In reply to the above we would direct attention to chapter 39 of the Revised Ordinances of the Northwest Territories, entitled "An Ordinance to prevent the profanation of the Lord's Day." Section 2 of the above Ordinance expressly forbids the discharge of firearms on the Lord's Day. Any person may lay a complaint under the ordinance before a Justice of the Peace and parties offending as above on summary conviction are liable to a fine not exceeding \$100 and costs of prosecution. No doubt the Mounted Police would prosecute cases, but it can scarcely be expected that they will be on hand at the various shooting resorts on Sunday to look after Sabbath breakers.]

AT DEATH'S DOOR.

My little boy had diarrhoea and came very near dying. After the failure of every thing else we used Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry which caused a quick cure, and I know of two others who were cured by the same remedy. FREEMAN C. AMON, Hilher, Ont.

J. G. McKENZIE,
Merchant Tailor
QU'APPELLE STATION.

Fit and Workmanship
Guaranteed.

TERMS CASH.

GREAT REDUCTION

IN THE

Price of Beef.

Steak 10cts per lb.
Beef by the side, 6 cts per lb.
TERMS CASH.

W. H. BELL,
BUTCHER.

JAMES & FURNESS. Produce and Commission Merchants,

DEALER IN

Mess Pork, Bacon, Hams, Lard, Butter, Dried
Fruit, Cheese, Eggs, Potatoes, Hops, Grain,

BALED HAY AND ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE.

72 Colborne Street, Toronto, Ontario.

Fish, Game and Poultry Handled in Season.

Advances made on Consignments.
Consignments of all kinds of Produce Solicited.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!
NOW SELLING
AT VERY LOW FIGURES!

MY STOCK OF

Boots and Shoes,
Clothing, Dry Goods,
HARDWARE,
CROCKERY & GROCERIES

is still very complete. Please give us a call and see for yourself.

J. P. BEAUCHAMP,

QU'APPELLE, N. W. T.

THE LE LAND HOUSE.

Qu'Appelle, Assiniboia.

Love & Raymond,

PROPRIETORS.

Rebuilt, Enlarged, Renovated, Everything
New and First-Class Throughout.

SUITS FOR FAMILIES.

TERMS MODERATE.

H. McINTOSH.

A. McINTOSH.

QUEEN'S HOTEL,
OF THE
TOWN OF QU'APPELLE.

The Leading House in the West.

McINTOSH BROS., PROPRIETORS.

S. H. COLLINS.

QU'APPELLE.

DEALER IN

Boots and Shoes!

AT

Any Price You Want Them

From \$1 up to \$10.

BOOTS MADE TO ORDER

TERMS CASH.

S. H. COLLINS.

NEW BAKERY.

A. McKenzie,

QU'APPELLE.

BREAD! FRUITS!

CONFECTIONERY, &c.

Constantly on hand.

Birthday and Bride's Cakes
A SPECIALTY.

FRANK MARWOOD

SUCCESSOR TO T. WELSH,

General Blacksmith

—AND—

Practical Horse-shoer.
QU'APPELLE.

A trial solicited from parties having lame or
interfering horses. Flow Shores made to
order and satisfaction guaranteed.

WORK DONE CHEAP FOR CASH.

J. Burghall & Sons,

CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS

P. O. Box 409, Qu'Appelle

Jobbing Punctually at-
tended to.

Estimates Free.

Designs furnished or Drafts made when
Required.

Newsy Notes.

The Week's News Boiled down for Progress Readers.

The King of Portugal is seriously ill.

The Russian newspapers have been ordered to cease championing Gen. Boulanger.

Mr. Parnell intends delivering a number of political speeches in Wales before the close of the present parliamentary recess.

It is stated that two hundred persons have been murdered and robbed by Macedonian brigands during the past two months.

Mr. Sexton is preparing a speech which will occupy four days in delivery. The Parnell Commission will be expected to listen to it.

Magistrate Bartlett, of Windsor, has been authorized by the Government to offer a reward of \$300 for the arrest of the murderer Williams.

The Executive Committee have resolved that the Chicago World's Fair incorporation should increase their capital stock from \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000.

It is said that Le Caron, who testified in the Parnell-Times case, is in Chicago and will be a witness in the Cronin case, along with Kirby and Cooney.

The English and Italian Governments have signed an anti-slavery convention, which enables cruisers to deal more promptly than hitherto with captured slavers.

Mr. Joseph Chamberlain predicts that the alliance between the Liberal-Unionists and the Conservatives will continue until the agitation for the separation of Ireland is killed.

Voting on the repeal of the Scott Act at Fredericton, N.B. takes place the last week in November. The Act has been in force there longer than in any other electoral district in Canada.

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach advocates the creation of a naval reserve, and suggests there are plenty of skillful fishermen in the northern and western Highlands whose services might be utilized in this way.

The Governor-General, replying to an address of welcome presented to him at Fort Arthur, prophesied that at an early date ships would leave that place for every port in the world laden with Canadian products.

It is not yet definitely known how many lives have been lost in consequence of the landslide at Quebec, but so far eighteen bodies have been recovered from the debris. It is said now that the terrace is in an unsafe condition.

The fourth week of the Cronin trial closed with only four jurors in the box. The examination to-day was without incident. Twenty-one were excused for cause, and the defence lost one and the state two peremptory challenges. Thus far 495 men have been excused for trial. The trial will be resumed on Monday at 1 p.m.

Commercial telegrams from many of the principal business centres of the United States report a generally improved and favorable condition of affairs. From Chicago, St. Louis, Detroit and other western cities accounts are especially encouraging, while in the South much activity is being caused by a steady increase in the sale of cotton. Cooler weather is also stimulating the demand for seasonable goods in the leading northern cities. The prospects of both the corn and cotton crops are regarded as very promising.

NORTH-WEST FAIRS.

The following are the dates of the various agricultural exhibitions of the Northwest Territories this fall:

South Qu'Appelle—At Qu'Appelle, Oct. 5.
Broadview—At Broadview, Sept. 27.
Whitewood—At Whitewood, October 1.
Wapella—At Wapella, Oct. 8.
Assiniboia—At Regina, Oct. 8 and 9.
Moose Mountain—At Carlyle, Oct. 4.
East Moose Mountain—At Canington, Oct. 2.
Moose Jaw—At Moose Jaw, Oct. 8.
Calgary—At Calgary, Oct. 9 and 10.
Moosomin—At Moosomin, Oct. 10 and 11.
Pheasant Forks—At Pheasant Forks, Oct. 10.
Wolseley—At Wolseley, Oct. 1.
Indian Head—At Indian Head, Oct. 3.
Lorne—At Prince Albert, Oct. 4.
Battleford—At Battleford, Oct. 1.
Central Saskatchewan—At Saskatoon, Oct. 2.
Qu'Appelle Valley—At Fort Qu'Appelle, Oct. 8.
Maple Creek—At Maple Creek, Oct. 9.
Edmonton and St. Albert—At Edmonton, Oct. 15.

INDIAN HEAD.

—Work is progressing on the town hall, the roof at last being covered in.
—Threshing is in full blast and an average yield may be expected in most districts.

The result of the trial with eight varieties of wheat, drilled on summer fallow in acre lots, 1½ bushels per acre, on experimental farm, are as follows, all being sown on the same day, April 8:

Variety	Cut.	Yield per bush.
Ludoga	Aug. 10	21½ 62½
Redfern	" 20	23 4-15 63
Ennska	" 20	24 62½
Saskatoon	" 14	12½ 62½
Cub	" 20	18 11-60 63
Indkett	" 20	12½ 59½
White Fyle	" 24	not threshed
Red Fyle	" 24	not threshed

WHITEWOOD.

—It looks as if the immigrant building will not be built this fall, but left until wanted next spring.

—Mr. McArthur is having a very handsome residence finished. He does not wish to be outdone by his neighbors.

—Prairie fires have commenced in this district. Farmers will do well to see to their fire breaks before it is too late.

—A public meeting was held at the Pierson hotel to frame an address to present to Lord Stanley upon his visit to this town.

—Threshing has commenced in this district, 20 to 25 bushels being the average yield of wheat. Potatoes are very scarce, none moving in the market yet. Hay promises to be from \$6 to \$7 per ton this winter.

—The wheat crop will have to take a back seat next year with a great many of our farmers and give place to chickory, which promises to be a growing industry, as by all accounts there is money in it if properly cultivated. Messrs. Brabonne have commenced harvesting their crop of chickory, and taking it into consideration the drought this year, they are satisfied with the yield.

Lord Mayor Sexton says Mr. Ballfour's son of an Irish university will not satisfy the Irish people, who will be contented with nothing short of a horse parliament and the management of the Irish revenues.

WAPELLA.

—Mr. J. Epton is around again.
—J. Gowan is erecting a stable.
—John Gordon is now running the Cambrian.

—Robt. Mann and H. B. Fitzsimmons have dissolved partnership. R. M. continues the business.
—Our old friend, Pat Burns, meat supplier for the Long Lake railway, was in town this week buying cattle.

—Mr. M. G. Gibb, the well borer, is here, and as he has fourteen on his list we calculate he will eat his roast beef and plum pudding with us.

—Courtney Morris had a narrow escape this week at T. Ammerman's threshing. A grey steed bit viciously at him, but only succeeded in biting off part of his forefinger.

—Alex. Knowles has commenced buying grain, price for wheat 60 cents. Mr. Knowles gave satisfaction to the farmers last year and will doubtless get his share of the crop this year. Quite a number of farmers come miles out of their way to Alex. as they are dead sure to get every pound that is in their packs. The wheat is exceptionally good this year.

MAPLE CREEK.

—As the Wild West was lately organized in Maple Creek by Messrs. Fuller and Breeden, entertained Winnipeg for a while with performances peculiar to the round up, no doubt there are some there who will be interested to learn that the round-up outfit left town to-day on its regular autumn trip. Would-be cowboy graduates, especially, will note with interest the above.

—The great fall show of Western Assiniboia will be held at Maple Creek October 9th. It is yet in its infancy, but as infants sometimes attain gigantic proportions, so likewise is it expected to. The display of grain, vegetables and roots is expected to be good. A considerable exhibit of pedigree stock is looked for. Poultry will probably be fair. The ladies' and art departments will also make creditable displays.

—Probably the largest importation of stock ever made into Canada at one time and by one company has just been effected here. Eighteen thousand sheep have been brought into Maple Creek for shipment from this place. They came from Oregon, through Washington, Idaho and Montana, into Assiniboia. They were brought part of the way by rail, (being sixty hours in the cars), and the remainder of the distance they were driven. They are to be shipped to Sir Lester Kaye's various farms, east and west of here. It is a novel sight and one not often witnessed in Canada, to see tens of thousands of sheep, one might also most say, spread over a quarter section of land or huddled together within the compass of from five to ten acres. There are many in all parts of Canada who will watch with interest the result of so great an enterprise. The Kaye Company evidently recognizes the adaptability of the country for stock, and especially for sheep raising.

King Menelek of Shoa is making preparation to be crowned Emperor of Abyssinia.

A FACT WORTH REMEMBERING.

Mr. Jas. Binnie, of Toronto, states that his little baby when three months old was so bad with summer complaint that under doctors' treatment her life was despaired of. Four doses of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry cured her.

JOHN B. MILLIKEN.

Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of
Harness & Saddlery
WHIPS,
CURRY COMBS,
HORSE BRUSHES,
BELLS,
BLANKETS,
SPURS,
TRUNKS,
VALISES,
ETC., ETC., &C.

P. E. DURST
Watchmaker & Jeweler,
QU'APPELLE,
DEALER IN
Watches, Clocks,
JEWELRY, SILVERWARE,
DIAMONDS, SPECTACLES,
ETC., ETC.

Particular Attention
Paid to Repairing all kinds of Fine Watches.
Orders by Mail or Stage promptly Attended to.
W. E. INGRAHAM,
Manager.

J. B. ROBINSON
Contractor, Builder,
ETC., ETC.
QU'APPELLE.

All Work in my Line will Receive Careful Attention.

J. McEWEN,
General Blacksmith,
Carriage and Wagon Builder.
Horse Shoeing a Specialty.

All kinds of Job Work strictly attended to. Plow shares made to order and guaranteed to work. A large quantity of

IRON AND COAL
KEPT ON HAND FOR SALE.
Carriage springs, axles and thimble chains for wagons.

J. H. MacCAUL,
Insurance Agent,
AND DEALER IN
Hard & Soft Coal,
BRICK,
LUMBER,
SASH,
DOORS,
BUILDING PAPER, ETC., ETC.
QU'APPELLE.

All description of seasoned British Columbia Lumber in Stock.

R. JOHNSTON,
DEALER IN
Agricultural Implements,
Barbed Wire,
Buggies, Buckboards,
WAGONS, ETC.
LIVERY,
Feed and Sale Stable
First Class Rigs.
Daily Stage to Fort Qu'Appelle
QU'APPELLE, ASSIN.

WOMAN AND HOME.

HOW THE SPANISH WOMEN OF THE PAST LIVED AND KEPT HOUSE.

Another Appeal for Fresh Air—The Age at Which Women Should Marry—Something About Female Suicide—Interesting Sections About the Fair Sex.

The Spanish woman of the Eighteenth century forms a marked contrast to her French sister at the dawn of the Revolution. Whereas the French woman of the past century is perhaps the most witty, skeptical and free of those who have a place in history, the Spaniard is the most "devoted," docile and ignorant—notice that I have said "devoted," not pious, for piety, in my opinion, existed in a better and more solid form among the famous women of the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries, chief among them shines the great queen Isabella, the Catholic. At the time of the Renaissance Spanish women, whose learning equaled their piety, far from contenting themselves with no education, or with only a superficial one, held professorships of rhetoric and Latin, like Isabel Gellin, or, widened the domain of philosophical speculation, like Oliva Sabuco. In the Eighteenth century these traditions were so utterly lost that it was considered dangerous to teach girls the alphabet on the ground that if they were able to read and write they might correspond with their coqueteries.

I have heard it told of a great-grandmother of mine, of noble family, engaged in fact, that she was obliged to learn to write alone, copying the letters from a printed book, with a pointed stick for pen and nutmeg juice for ink. A salutary ignorance, absolutely submission to paternal and conjugal authority, religious practices and complete self-effacement formed the regime under which the Spanish woman of the last century lived. These abuses were lashed by the satiric scourge of our famous Moratin in "El si de las Niñas," "El hijo y la Niña" and "La Mojigata." The result of the teaching of these comedies amounted to a complete transformation of the female character. The Spanish woman of the time anterior to the Cortes of Cadix has become the classic type, as classic as the "garzantona" and the "ladora." The woman of this pure and simple national type never went out except to mass, and that very early, for, as the proverb has it, "Good women don't walk."

Her dress consisted of the tight petticoat of fine cloth or serge, white kerchief fastened with a gold pin and velvet boots and lace mantilla. Her only luxury when dressed in her best (for she never walked) was the openwork silk stocking and the satin slipper. She employed her time in manual labor, ironing, quilting, embroidery on a frame, or making preserves or sweetmeats. Patchwork was fashionable in spite of its danger to the eye. As lately as my girlhood my mother used to show me, as a work deserving of admiration, cushion worked by my great-grandmother in patchwork so fine that the work almost formed a new texture. Even if she knew how to read this woman was acquainted with no other book than the breviary, the Christian Year and the catechism, which she used to teach her children by force of blows—for to chastise children was at that time a kind of rite, which it would have been incorrect to curtail. She led the prayer of the rosary surrounded by her servants and family; at night she gave her blessing to her son, who kissed her hand, even though they already wore beads and were married; she consulted with some friar or other on the affairs of her household and had home made remedies for all known infirmities. So thorough going a female figure was bound to disappear at the advent of society as at present constituted.—Fortnightly Review.

Hints for Housewives.

A raw cranberry, cut in two, and half of it bound over a corn, is recommended as a relief.

Individual plates for vegetables are not used much now. Daily salads are separately served.

Cold tea is the best thing with which to clean grained wood. Never use ammonia for this work.

After washing a wooden bowl dry it at a distance from the stove, so that it may not warp or crack.

When recipes call for a cupful it means just half a pint; this amount in granulated sugar weighs just half a pound.

Salt will curdle new milk, so in preparing custards or puddings the salt should not be added until the dish is prepared.

Red pepper pods or a few pieces of charcoal thrown into the pot in which onions, cabbage, etc., are being boiled will prevent the unpleasant odor.

Starch Finish.—A piece of stearine candle, spermaceti or white wax as large as a penny egg will give a nice gloss. A teaspoonful of salt to each pint of starch will prevent sticking.

Always sift your flour when you use it, warning it a little afterward if the weather be cold. Sifting twice is even better than once, as you get more air between the particles.

Spirits of ammonia is the best thing to clean hair brushes with, as it does not soften the bristles like soap or soda. If a teaspoonful of ammonia is mixed with a quart of water, the brush need only be dipped in the solution for a moment and all grease is removed. The brush should then be rinsed in cold water, shaken well and dried in the air, but not in the sun.

The ordinary method of scraping or burning off old paint is hardly expeditious enough for general purposes, and is also laborious. Soda and quicklime are far more thorough. Dissolve the soda in water, and then add the lime and apply with a brush to the old paint, which can thus be removed in a few minutes.

Biting the lips frequently makes them sore, and for hard, dry lips a little pure glycerine lightly rubbed in at night is often beneficial. A harmless application for the same purpose is made of a quarter of an ounce of white wax, with one teaspoonful each of glycerine and mutton suet. The wax and suet are melted separately, and then the whole mass is well mixed and turned into a mold to cool.

Air Famines.

Dr. Felix Oswald, in a recent article in a medical journal, shows that fifty-five out of 100 white children die before they complete seven years of life, but he asserts that hardly five of that number are born with germs of an early death and that two-thirds of the remainder perish from want of air. It is too commonly assumed that a child's lungs are too weak to stand ordinary fresh air to judge by the precautions that are taken to shut up every possible avenue through which pure air can enter a room in which it is kept. There is perhaps some truth pertaining to hygiene upon which parents and nurses act so ignorantly or unconsciously refuse to be instructed as to the necessity of fresh air to every human being, young or old, wet or well. It is not a mere needful to the delicate child or the ailing adult than to others, if that is conceivable, when it is so certainly essential to the health of all. The abuse, however, is more noticeable in the case of young children, and infants especially, who are entirely under the control of others in the matter, and suffer from their lack of judgment or fatally misdirected-prudence.

Dr. Oswald remarks: "Boys in knee breeches often manage to remedy the evil by dint of strategy, while their petticoated juniors have to stand the brunt of paternal infatuation. Every form of disease is aggravated by the influence of impure air. Human beings can live a long time without food, but without air they cannot live six minutes. Their vitality is proportionately diminished by the lack of pure air and the substitution of air that is vitiated and inadequate to supply the sustenance required from it."

One cause of mischief in this direction is the confusion in many minds of the relations of heat and cold to pure or impure air. Rooms are shut up tightly to keep in the heat, and some economical but obtuse people cannot possibly see the use of having warm fire with the window or door open. It looks to them like a piece of extravagance, and "if you want the door open what do you want a fire for?" seems to them a question incapable of reasonable answer. Hence air famine is not alone inflicted on the babies, but is frequently made to curse the individual and the family through life.—Good Housekeeping.

Manifesto of French Women Against War.

We women belong to all lands; We, who form half the contingent of the nation.

We whom the laws of men have excluded from councils where once our mothers' voices caused peace to triumph.

We, on whom the barbarity and license of war ruthlessly inflict death and outrage; We, whom it deprives of all that our very being clings to—father, husband, son, home;

We, whose consciences have not learned to distinguish between the single homicide, justly branded and punished, and homicide in mass, though perpetrated on the innocent, which is rewarded with glory;

We have not forgotten the commandment, "Thou shalt not kill!"

We, whom society deems capable and fitted for its heaviest duties without the corresponding privileges.

We, whose mission on earth is conciliation, peace, self-sacrifice.

We, whom a longer silence would render accomplices in this detestable squandering of human life, this waste of treasure, this desolation of whole provinces!

We protest with all our energies; Against war, against this odious abuse of power.

Against the intentional disregard of the pacific means of international arbitration, so profitable of good.

We protest: In the name of humanity, whose sacred laws are violated by war.

In the name of our country, deprived of her sons by war.

In the name of the family, dismembered and destroyed by war.

In the name of progress, driven back by war.

In the name of morals, perverted by war.

We, wives, we, mothers, we, cure takers of the family, request from all men, possessed of hearts, brotherly help in this holy crusade.

We address a burning appeal to all legislators, to all teachers of youth. Let them frame laws, let them second our efforts, let them teach our children.

A horror of war, a horror of carnage, a horror of fratricide—Mme. v. Grisevart in Christian Union.

Women as Suicides.

A fact interesting to women is developed in the comparison of old and recent statistics of suicide. In the old works on suicide the causes of self destruction among women were given: First, as disappointment in love; next, religious excitement, and lastly, disease. Late investigation shows a marked decrease from the two first named causes. This is encouraging, as it shows a corresponding increase in women's mental and moral strength.

There was a time when love and the home ties of husband and children were a woman's only source of comfort and diversion. If love failed and husband and child proved unkind the woman had no resources. There was a time when women were expected to believe what men formulated as to facts without question. Their minds, like those of children, were prepared to grapple with new ideas. All this is changed.

Girls are educated with their brothers.

Women are luxuriously with their husbands' lives.

profession or business, or they carve out independent lives for themselves. Women have grown less personal, and they recognize other claims than their own. Love may be lost, but friendship, friendship, work, and books are left. Love may die, but the soul is still alive and the earth hold much of happiness. Women no longer pin their faith exclusively on interpretations of men. Women are working out problems for themselves. They no longer consider it a sin to read, and discuss, and think for themselves. Their minds have grown strong enough to grasp a new idea without growing hysterical and becoming insane or committing suicide. Only a weak woman kills herself for love, only a weak woman kills herself for love, only a weak woman kills herself for love.—Washington Post.

Smoke Pictures.

This interesting fancy in art was conceived by a German artist of celebrity, who heard of a widow and children sadly in need. He repaired to the cafe where he knew he would meet some friends, laid the sad tale before them, and exhorted them to contribute to her need. They were not in the mood, and refused to give even the smallest coin. At this the artist withdrew to the other corner of the room, seated himself in a chair and was soon forgotten. Presently he returned, holding up a plate with a picture on it. His friends immediately flocked around him to admire this work. After listening to their praises, he offered it for sale to the highest bidder. The bidding was spirited, and the plate was finally sold for a large sum. "Now," said he, "this money is for the widow to whom you would give nothing to save her from starving, but you would give this sum of money for a plate with smoke upon it!"

The plate is held over a lighted wax candle or taper, just far enough away to be sure that the wax does not touch; if it did, this it would become greasy. Wave it steadily to and fro, so as to scatter the flame evenly, otherwise it blackens in spots. When the plate has a smooth tone over it, a soft camel's hair brush is used in working. First, make your rough sketch, then paint a match and put in your strongest lights. The long haired camel's hair brushes are the best for this. To preserve the pictures so that they may be hung on the wall and dusted without injury, the French retouching varnish over the surface, leaving just enough to cover it, and let it dry, which it does rapidly. Care must be taken to keep it from the dust while drying.—E. Leon Durand.

When Women Should Marry.

Probably the best time for the average civilized woman to marry would be any age between 24 and 32. It is not said that no woman should marry earlier or later than either of these ages, but youth, and health, and vigor are ordinarily at their highest period between these two periods. Early marriage is seldom desirable for girls, and that for many reasons. The brain is immature, the reason is feeble and the character is unformed. The consideration which would prompt a girl to marry at 17 would in many cases have little weight with her at 24. At 17 she is a child, at 24 a woman. Where a girl has intelligent parents the seven years between 17 and 24 are the period when mind and body are most amenable to wise discipline and best repay the thought and toil devoted to their development.

Before 17 few girls have learned to understand what life is what discipline is, what duty is. They cannot value what is best either in the father's wisdom or in the mother's tenderness. When married at that childish period they are like young recruits taken fresh from the farm and the workshop and hurried off to a long campaign without any period of preliminary drill or training, or like a schoolboy removed from school to a curacy without being sent to the university or to a theological hall. Whom can help grieving over a child wife, especially if she have children, and whose husband who is an inexperienced and possibly exacting boy man? The ardor of his love soon cools; the visionary bliss of her poetical imagination vanishes like the summer mist; there is nothing left but disappointment and wonder that what proud he had so beautiful and long a day should have clouded over almost before sunrise.—Hospital.

Facts About Coffee.

The pleasures of coffee are by no means dissipated in the warm season, when "hot coffee" is not needed as a means of defying the discomfort of cold weather. Cold coffee is a delicious beverage when well made. Coffee made of strong coffee frozen in ice cream is a dainty dessert, or a convenient part of the afternoon tea menu. Coffee soda is a peculiar summer drink, and few people accustomed to the morning cup of coffee make any difference on account of the weather in the most important feature of the breakfast table. An expert in coffee maintains that the best coffee is made in the old fashioned tin coffee pot. "Don't give me any new pattern arrangement for making coffee," he says, "the old tin pot is the only kind of cooking utensil that preserves the aroma and the full flavor of the coffee."

After the coffee has been boiled and settled pour it in good strength upon a cup half filled with cream and hot milk. Most true coffee epicures have a beverage prepared with full strength that will give a delicious aroma and a true but delicate flavor. A cup of rich cream and cold milk. Rather peculiarly the average American drinks about the same amount of coffee now that he did eighteen years ago. In 1870 the average consumption for each person was seven and a half pounds, but in 1890 it was seven and two-thirds pounds, showing that the taste for coffee now increases no decreases.—Boston Journal.

In the improved armored turret there is a casing of sheet metal which entirely lines the turret and which is set in a block of concrete. By a system of connecting rods and cam grooves the turret is turned about on axes at the exterior surface of the plating.

Canadian Pacific Ry.

Transcontinental Highway Connecting the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans.

through Time Table EAST AND WEST.

LEaving	STATIONS	Arriving
10:00	San Francisco, N.P.	7:45 am
3:00 pm	Portland, O.P.	6:30
5:00	Tacoma, W.P.	10:00
	Seattle, W.T.	2:00

LEaving	STATIONS	Arriving
4:00 De	VICTORIA VANCOUVER	11:15
12:15	New Westminster	11:10

17:38	Yale	9:23
19:51	North Bend	7:35
2:07	Ashcroft	24:45
5:03	Kamloops	22:08
11:29	Revelstoke	15:50
14:30	Glacier House	13:05
16:45 Ar	DONALD	10:20 De
17:55 De	"	10:10 Ar
18:55	Golden	10:28
21:25	Field	9:35

23:45	BANFF HOT SPRINGS	5:30
24:35	Calgary	4:40
3:35	Calgary	1:20
5:50	Edmonton	23:00
10:50	Medicine Hat	17:30
11:57	Drummond	16:43
13:24	Maple Creek	14:18
17:25	Swift Current	10:30
22:05	Moose Jaw	5:50
23:10	Pense	4:30
25:55	Regina	3:45

24:30	Pilot Butte	3:24
24:37	Wadena	3:05
1:03	McLean	2:43
1:28	Qu'Appelle	2:20
1:55	Indian Head	1:58
2:20	Saskatoon	1:30
2:43	Weyburn	1:10
3:00	Summersburg	24:30
3:20	Gretna	21:34
4:10	Broadview	23:56
4:15	Whitewood	22:10
5:15	Wapella	22:38
5:57	Moosomin	21:58
6:16	Fleming	21:55
6:50	Elkhorn	21:06
7:41	Virgin	20:10
9:35 Ar	Brandon	18:15 De
10:45 De	Stratford	13:50 Ar
11:43	Carleton Place	13:35
13:37	PORT HURON LA PRAIRIE	15:35
16:40 Ar	WINNIPEG	13:20 De

A 9:45 am LV	WINNIPEG AR	12:00 n/a
4:00 pm	Grand Forks	7:10 am
8:00	Fargo	8:35
3:20	DULUTH	8:00
6:50	MINNEAPOLIS	5:40 pm
7:25 AR	ST. PAUL	5:00
7:10	KANSAS CITY	9:50
7:30	ST. LOUIS	9:50
10:00 PM LV	ST. LOUIS	1:50
7:00 am AR	CHICAGO	10:30 pm

F 17:00 LV	WINNIPEG	E 12:00 n/a
18:05	Saskatoon East	11:00
23:55	Regina	7:35
G 24:01	Est Prairie	15:20
13:55	W. Fort William	15:25
G 14:30 AR	Pt. Arthur	14:30 De
3:30 pm	"	13:15

H 7:00 pm LV	North Bay AR	8:35 am
8:00	Toronto	8:11 pm
9:04	Hamilton	6:55
11:20	Niagara Falls	4:35
2:45 pm	Wingham	2:15
12:00 noon	London	5:00
12:28 pm	St. Thomas	4:35
B 4:20 pm AR	Patrol	12:05 pm

H 6:30 pm LV	North Bay AR	8:45 am
12:05 am	Pembroke	4:12
1:26 am	Renfrew	2:50
3:00 am AR	Carlton Place	1:20 am

B 10:30 am LV	Prescott AR	1:50 pm
2:25 pm	Brockville	3:00
4:10 am	Ottawa	12:20 am
8:00 am	Montreal	8:40 pm
G 2:50 pm	Quebec	1:30
7:00 am	New York City	7:30
8:50 pm	Boston, RAND M	9:00 am
2:20 pm	St. John	3:00 pm
11:30 pm AR	Halifax	5:00 am

GOING S.W. REFERENCES: GOING N.W.

A, daily. B, daily except Sunday. C, daily except Monday. D, daily except Tuesday. E, daily except Wednesday. F, daily except Thursday. G, daily except Friday. H, daily except Saturday.

Trains east of Brandon run on Central Standard time. Between Brandon and Brandon on Mountain Standard time. West of Brandon, Pacific Standard time.

CONNECTIONS.

Victoria—Steamers for Puget Sound, Alaska, San Francisco and Southern California ports.

At Vancouver, With steamers for Puget Sound, Victoria and C.P.R. steamships for China and Japan.

At Seattle, With steamers for Windermere and Kootenay district.

At Portland, With N.W.C. & N.W. Co. for Astoria, Ore.

At Hope, L. Prairie, With M. & N. W. Co.

At Winnipeg, With branch lines diverging to the north, west and south.

At Port Arthur, With C. & P. Co. for Lake Superior and Lake Huron.

At Chicago, With C. & P. Co. for St. Louis, St. Paul, Minneapolis, and other points.

At St. Paul, With C. & P. Co. for Minneapolis, St. Louis, and other points.

At St. Louis, With C. & P. Co. for Chicago, St. Paul, and other points.

At Chicago, With C. & P. Co. for St. Paul, Minneapolis, and other points.

At St. Paul, With C. & P. Co. for Minneapolis, St. Louis, and other points.

At St. Louis, With C. & P. Co. for Chicago, St. Paul, and other points.

At Chicago, With C. & P. Co. for St. Paul, Minneapolis, and other points.

At St. Paul, With C. & P. Co. for Minneapolis, St. Louis, and other points.

At St. Louis, With C. & P. Co. for Chicago, St. Paul, and other points.

At Chicago, With C. & P. Co. for St. Paul, Minneapolis, and other points.

At St. Paul, With C. & P. Co. for Minneapolis, St. Louis, and other points.

At St. Louis, With C. & P. Co. for Chicago, St. Paul, and other points.

At Chicago, With C. & P. Co. for St. Paul, Minneapolis, and other points.

At St. Paul, With C. & P. Co. for Minneapolis, St. Louis, and other points.

At St. Louis, With C. & P. Co. for Chicago, St. Paul, and other points.

At Chicago, With C. & P. Co. for St. Paul, Minneapolis, and other points.

At St. Paul, With C. & P. Co. for Minneapolis, St. Louis, and other points.

At St. Louis, With C. & P. Co. for Chicago, St. Paul, and other points.

At Chicago, With C. & P. Co. for St. Paul, Minneapolis, and other points.

At St. Paul, With C. & P. Co. for Minneapolis, St. Louis, and other points.

At St. Louis, With C. & P. Co. for Chicago, St. Paul, and other points.

At Chicago, With C. & P. Co. for St. Paul, Minneapolis, and other points.

At St. Paul, With C. & P. Co. for Minneapolis, St. Louis, and other points.

At St. Louis, With C. & P. Co. for Chicago, St. Paul, and other points.

At Chicago, With C. & P. Co. for St. Paul, Minneapolis, and other points.

At St. Paul, With C. & P. Co. for Minneapolis, St. Louis, and other points.

At St. Louis, With C. & P. Co. for Chicago, St. Paul, and other points.

At Chicago, With C. & P. Co. for St. Paul, Minneapolis, and other points.

At St. Paul, With C. & P. Co. for Minneapolis, St. Louis, and other points.

At St. Louis, With C. & P. Co. for Chicago, St. Paul, and other points.

At Chicago, With C. & P. Co. for St. Paul, Minneapolis, and other points.

At St. Paul, With C. & P. Co. for Minneapolis, St. Louis, and other points.

At St. Louis, With C. & P. Co. for Chicago, St. Paul, and other points.

At Chicago, With C. & P. Co. for St. Paul, Minneapolis, and other points.

At St. Paul, With C. & P. Co. for Minneapolis, St. Louis, and other points.

At St. Louis, With C. & P. Co. for Chicago, St. Paul, and other points.

At Chicago, With C. & P. Co. for St. Paul, Minneapolis, and other points.

At St. Paul, With C. & P. Co. for Minneapolis, St. Louis, and other points.

At St. Louis, With C. & P. Co. for Chicago, St. Paul, and other points.

At Chicago, With C. & P. Co. for St. Paul, Minneapolis, and other points.

At St. Paul, With C. & P. Co. for Minneapolis, St. Louis, and other points.

At St. Louis, With C. & P. Co.



No. 522—Enigma in Rhyme.
I'm here, I need festive
I'm here, in the house of prayer.
And so on the field of battle
You will also find me there.
I've charmed to death, I've killed divine,
I'm the deepest utterance of feeling sublime:
The sweetest sound to mortal ears
And the silver key to the fountain of tears.

No. 531—Word Square.
1. A city of Anatoli, Asia Minor. 2. Gives
vigor to 3. Young plants. 4. To do too
much. 5. To give up. 6. To range in classes.
1. A shepherd. 2. Habit. 3. Sluggish. 4.
The tip or end of the toe. 5. A bird allied
to thrush. 6. To reason.

No. 532—The Magic Octagon.



Upon a piece of cardboard draw
The three designs below.
I should have said of each shape four,
Which when cut out will show.
If joined correctly, that which you
Are striving to unfold—
An octagon, familiar to
My friends both young and old.

No. 533—A Remarkable Journey.
In a journey around the world I saw and
heard many strange things. I saw a mountain
in Massachusetts followed by a large in-
sect run across two of the southern states.
I saw two nations hurling an Ohio town at
each other. I saw a bay of England hung
up to dry. I saw a city of Germany crawl-
ing along the ground. I saw one of the Brit-
ish isles, with a cape of North America, sit-
ting by a bay of Africa eating towns of New
Jersey and a city of Asia. I saw two capes
of the Atlantic coast so badly injured while
playing with a river of North America that
it was necessary to send for a lake of the
same region to attend them. I heard the
savage Shetland island of the North Ameri-
can river and the roar of an Austrian town.
But when I returned to my home and told
my friends of these things, they said my
story was a group of islands off the coast of
Great Britain. Can you show that it was
not?

No. 534—Double Acrostic.
My private name a certain kind of puzzle,
my finds many riddles.
Cross words: 1. An impressive command.
2. Concealed. 3. Graduates of a college. 4.
Mounting. 5. A place of refuge. 6. A large
and beautiful flower. 7. Frames for holding
pictures.

No. 535—The Puzzling Pearls.
A lady sent a cross of pearls to be repaired
by a jeweler. To provide against any of
the pearls being stolen, she observed that,
counting from the bottom of the cross up-
ward in each direction, the number of pearls
was the same. How many pearls did she send?
A puzzle.

9
8
7
6
5
4
3
2
1
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

But the jeweler cleverly abstracted two of
the pearls. I rearranged the remainder so
that they still counted the original form and
counted nine as before. How did he do it?

No. 536—Desperations.
1. Desperate a sign of laws and leave a
lyric poem.
2. Desperate a greater quantity and leave
a metal.
3. Desperate the fruit of the cedar and
leave unity.
4. Desperate to choose and leave the same
meaning.
5. Desperate a test used for spitting and
leave a sign.
6. Desperate the act of betraying and
leave a name.

Panama.
Motto of a desperado: "By hook or by
crook."
How to escape a desperado: "Use a fan."
Habit of a desperado: "The desert—Camels."
Annoyance of a desperado: "The English."
Attitude of a desperado: "Silence—Harmonies."
Basis of a desperado's relation to his friends:
A woman's contempt. The clergyman's foe.
A desperado's business: Military barracks.

Key to the Puzzler.
No. 522—Enigma in Rhyme. Hark, earth, earth, hark,
hark, hark, hark.
No. 531—Word Square.
A L H A M B R A
L A D L E F U L
H A C C O U G H
A L H A M B R A
M A I N B O O M
B A L L C L O U D
R E C O R D E R
A L H A M B R A

No. 522—Curtailment: Planet—plane—
plan.
No. 521—Numerical Enigma. New York.
No. 524—Riddle for Boys and Girls. Boy
and girl readers of the puzzle column should
strive to do what they can't understand.
No. 525—Tangled Wisdom.
This world is not so bad a world
As some would like to make it.
But whether good or whether bad
Depends on how we take it.
No. 526—Charade: Sparrow hawk.
No. 527—Nuts to Crack. 301 nuts. The
least common multiple of 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 being
60, it is evident that if 60 were divisible by 7
it would answer the conditions of the ques-
tion. But this not being the case, let 60 mul-
tiple by 2 and increased by 1 be tried, also
60 multiplied by 3 and 1 added, and so on,
when it will be found that 5 times 60, plus 1,
or 301, is divisible by 7. If to 301 we add 420
the least common multiple of 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7
the sum 721 will be another answer, and by
successive additions of 420 we may obtain as
many answers as we like.
No. 528—Latter Rebuke: Contention is con-
trovery.
No. 529—An Enigmatical Feast: 1. Steak.
2. Ham. 3. Green Cornwallis. 4. Apple. 5.
Tong. 6. Perch. 7. Madeira. 8. Claret. 9.
Lamb. 10. Champagne. 11. Goose. 12.
Turkey.

THE KEY TO HEALTH.



Unpleasant and dangerous
Bowel complaints, such as
constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness,
headaches, indigestion, heartburn,
constipation, dryness of the skin,
drowsiness, dizziness, jaundice,
rheumatism, lumbago, sciatica,
neuritis, neuralgia, etc., are
caused by a disordered state of the
bowels. The only safe and reliable
remedy for these ailments is
Campbell's Cathartic Compound.
For Sale by all Dealers.
W. H. BURNETT & CO., Proprietors, Toronto.



Note.—This favorite medicine is put
up in oval bottles holding three ounces
each, with the name blown in the glass,
and the name of the inventor, S. R. Camp-
bell, in red ink across the face of the label.
Beware of imitations, refuse all substitu-
tes, and you will not be disappointed.

Campbell's Cathartic Compound
Cures Chronic Constipation,
Costiveness, and all Complaints

arising from a disordered state of the Liver,
Stomach and Bowels, such as
Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Biliousness,
Headaches, Heartburn,
Acidity of the Stomach, Rheumatism,
Loss of Appetite, Gravel, Nervous
Debility, Haemorrhoids, or Hemorrhoids,
etc., etc.
Price 25 Cents per Bottle.
Beware of cheap
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO. (Limited),
MONTREAL.



Is the oldest and most popular scientific and
technical paper published and has the largest
circulation of any paper of its class in the world.
Fully illustrated. Best class of Wood Engrav-
ings. Published weekly. Sent for specimens
free. Price \$3 a year. Four months trial \$1.
MUNN & CO., Publishers, 311 Broadway, N.Y.

ARCHITECTS & BUILDERS
A great success. Each issue contains colored
illustrations of country and city architecture
and full and complete information for the
architects and builders. Price \$3 a year.
MUNN & CO., Publishers.

PATENTS
TRADE MARKS.
In case your work is not registered in the Pat-
ent Office, apply to MUNN & CO., and procure
immediate protection. Send for Handbook.
COPRIGHTS for books, charts, maps,
etc., given by MUNN & CO., Patent Solicitors.
GENERAL OFFICE: 361 Broadway, N. Y.

THE EQUITABLE LIFE Assurance Society's New Form of Policy

(Like a Bank Draft.)
Is Simply a Promise to Pay.

No Conditions Whatever
On the Back.

INCONTESTABLE AFTER TWO YEARS.

Non-Forfeitable After
Three Years.

Unrestricted as to Travel and Occupation
After One Year.

Payable Immediately.

TONTINE PROFITS

A CHOICE OF SIX METHODS OF SETTLEMENT AT THE
END OF THE TONTINE PERIOD.

When Insuring, do so, in the Largest, Strongest and Most Profitable
Company, giving the simplest and most secure contract ever devised.

MANITOBA AND NORTHWESTERN DEPARTMENT.

MERCHANTS BANK BLOCK, 375 MAIN STREET, WINNIPEG

Geo. Broughall, General Manager.

N. W. T. GENERAL AGENTS.

W. SYME REDPATH, Qu'Appelle.
JOHN E. SCARLETT, Regina.
J. T. SIMPSON, Moose Jaw.
GERALD F. BROPHY.
Trustee.
GEO. C. MARSH, Calgary.
C. D. Kevin, Medicine Hat.
F. G. FAUQUIER, Maple Creek.
A. CODD, M. D.
Medical Referee.

Correspondence with successful Agents, or those contemplating entering the
profession, solicited.

JUST ARRIVED!
One of the Largest, Best and Most
Complete Stock of

Plain & Fancy Dress Goods,

IN ALL SHADES,
Prints a Specialty--Variety Large.
S. H. CASWELL,
Wholesale and Retail Merchant and Banker
Post Office Store, Qu'Appelle.

In Defence of Our Country's Homes.

"The Qu'Appelle Progress"

IS A STRAIGHT
Prohibition Newspaper,

Making the Cause of the First Political Importance.

EIGHT PAGES;
FORTY COLUMNS;
WEEKLY FOR
Only One Dollar a Year!

QU'APPELLE OBSERVATORY.

Readings of the thermometers for the week ending Wednesday, Sept. 25th, 1889:

	Maximum.	Minimum.
Thursday, Sept. 19.....	79	48
Friday, Sept. 20.....	70	41
Saturday, Sept. 21.....	68	43
Sunday, Sept. 22.....	65	41
Monday, Sept. 23.....	44	39
Tuesday, Sept. 24.....	45	31
Wednesday, Sept. 25.....	51	32

	WIND VELOCITY AND DIRECTION.
	6 a.m. 1 p.m. 6 p.m.
Thursday, Sept. 19.....	w 4 nw 4 calm
Friday, Sept. 20.....	e 8 se 16 se 15
Saturday, Sept. 21.....	e 21 se 11 se 7
Sunday, Sept. 22.....	sw 4 sw 15 sw 11
Monday, Sept. 23.....	nw 17 w 23 nw 27
Tuesday, Sept. 24.....	nw 33 sw 34 nw 20
Wednesday, Sept. 25.....	w 9 w 25 nw 10
Rainfall, 45 on Monday; .33 on Tuesday.	

The Qu'Appelle Progress

The Leading Paper in East Assiniboia.

Only \$1.00 a Year in Advance.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 27, 1889.

Home & Gossip.

Little Local Links in the Town's Chain of History.

QU'APPELLE.

—The operations of the herd law in this municipality terminated on Wednesday.

—Mr. R. F. B. Dopping-Hepensal has gone to take up his residence in Toronto.

—Rev. Alex. Campbell, of File Hills, has been appointed to take charge of the Wolseley Presbyterian mission.

—Mr. A. Raymond, of the Leland house, has been on a visit to Banff hot springs. He was benefited by his trip.

—Rev. Mr. Gordon has been appointed to the Qu'Appelle Presbyterian church, and is expected here shortly to enter upon his duties.

—Messrs. E. W. Warner and J. H. MacCaul went out shooting one afternoon recently and bagged six fine geese in very short time. They are crack shots.

—The Blake Bros. have gone on a trip to Normandy, France, and will take in the Paris exhibition and a tour through England, returning next spring.

—Rev. Mr. Nichol, who has been at Touchwood for the summer, held services in the Presbyterian church here last Sunday. He left the next morning for Knox College, Toronto.

—The ladies of the Presbyterian church, Qu'Appelle, will give an entertainment on Thursday, October 10th, at 1930 o'clock, in the immigrant building, in aid of the Choir Fund. Refreshments will be served during intermission. Tickets 25 cents.

—After six borings without obtaining water on THE PROGRESS property, Mr. Frank Marwood and Mr. James Weidman have jointly had a well dug in rear of Mr. M.'s blacksmith shop and have struck a splendid spring of water. Mr. Harry Mitchell located and dug it.

—At the Leland: A. H. Myers, F. O. Nichol, L. G. Christie, Toronto; C. T. Gabler, Wm. Gregg, Montreal; W. Ronat, Moose Jaw; J. Hutchison, M.D., Detroit; E. Sample, J. Sample, W. Perkins, Blackwood; J. C. Macnab, F. H. Kidd, Winnipeg; W. F. Myers, Kinistino; A. McKay, Indian Head; P. Saunders; Prof. Saunders, Ottawa; C. J. Tuthill, Hamilton; W. Drain, Vancouver; J. H. Smith, Regina; S. C. Elkington, A. McDonald; Fort Qu'Appelle; D. L. Shaw, H. L. Blake, W. L. K. Blake, McLean.

—At the Queens: J. Harkay, E. E. Eynon, H. C. Owen, H. E. Sharpe, S. J. Sharpe, J. Wellington, Geo. Foster, G. K. Gregg, O. E. Collins,

H. E. Hippey, Winnipeg; W. Clouston, J. S. Donohue, F. Hartwig, A. Gilles, Regina; John McDonald, Lindsay; R. Oliver, J. D. Turner, Fort Qu'Appelle; R. C. Hickson, Toronto; D. P. Cullen, E. Murphy, H. Miller, Moose Jaw; T. H. Bunting, M. C. McLean, R. Quigley, Indian Head; A. Freeman, Grenfell; W. Minns, Clinton, Ont.; W. H. Smith, Seattle, W. T.; H. Telford, Touchwood; H. K. Cowan, Watford; R. Douglas, Wolseley; C. Cline, Broadview; J. Sample, Pheasant Plains.

HORSE RACES.

The fall meeting of the Qu'Appelle Turf Club will be held on Friday, October 4th, at the town of Qu'Appelle, when \$600 will be offered for horse races as follows:

1 mile heats, best 3 in 5, purse \$135, 1st prize \$75, 2nd \$40, 3rd \$20.

Open trot, 3 in 5, purse 125, 1st \$65, 2nd \$40, 3rd \$20.

Running race, half-mile, 3 in 5, purse \$100, 1st \$55, 2nd \$30, 3rd \$15.

Trotting race, 3 minute class, 3 in 5, purse \$100, 1st \$55, 2nd \$30, 3rd \$15.

Half-mile heats, for ponies 144 hands high, 3 in 5, purse \$60, 1st \$33, 2nd 18, 3rd \$9.

Slow race, purse \$5.

1 mile foot race, purse \$15, 1st \$10, 2nd \$5.

The American Trotting Association and Manitoba Turf Club Rules to govern all races. Four to enter three to start. Entrance fee 10 per cent. of purse. Any horse distancing the field or any part thereof, entitled to 1st money only. Entries positively closed at 8 p.m., October 3rd, 1889. Horses not eligible on Association tracks, barred.

AUCTION SALE.

Mr. A. Webster will sell his Farm Stock and Implements by Public Auction at the town of Qu'Appelle, on Saturday, the 28th inst. Sale to commence at one o'clock, sharp.

QU'APPELLE HUNT.

Hounds will meet on Wednesday next at the kennels, at 9 a.m.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATION.

The following is a list of the successful candidates at the teachers' examinations:

FIRST CLASS.—Grade B.

James Balfour, Sister Delphine Bouquet, Sister Philomene Crotty, J. Bruce Latimer, Sister M. Agnes Ollivier, William Short, Allen D. Tracy.

SECOND CLASS.—Grade A.

Herbert H. Skinner, Grade B. William Adams, Sister Theresa Ambrose, Emma Mary Anderson, Carrie Bray, Frankie G. Brown, Edgar Albert Chawpell, Isabella A. Coulson, Sister Fanstine Corish, James A. Hamilton, Mary K. Hunter, George H. Hutton, James W. Jones, Mrs. M. O. McCready, John McLean, John W. McPhail, Willa Simpson, Herbert A. Solly, Jean P. M. Piquet.

THIRD CLASS.

Clara Adair, Mary Alexander, David Archibald, Aggie M. Balfour, Thomas Bear, Addie Bird, George P. Bray, Charles F. Brears, Maggie Broley, Joseph N. Brunet, Louisa Burton, Lizzie Cameron, Lisle Carr, Samuel R. Carrothers, Hugo E. Carstens, Louie G. Chappell, Sarah A. Cox, Sennie Cullum, Carrie Davies, Harry T. Dennehy, Carnaby W. Ferry, Eben T. Ferry, Catherine E. Goddes, Kate J. Gillespie, Frances Gilroy, May Givin, Donald H. Grant, Hilda E. Graves, Victor L. Greenwood, Florence

Glover, Sadie Hastings, Frances Mary Hayward, Annie Henderson, Edith Revilo Higgins, Annie Hoddnett, Edward Hopkins, James Hulme, Gudney Jones, Thomas E. Jones, Joseph Lapointe, Charles H. Lawford, Kate Lawford, Mary Lucas, Mary McCullum, Minnie McMillan, Duncan A. McDonald, Tillie McIntosh, Sarah McMillan, Kate Middlemiss, David Miller, Joseph Morton, Lena May Neville, Samuel Spencer Page, Philomene Parenteau, Herbert J. Rex, Christopher J. Rosborough, John R. Sangster, Helen A. Shaw, William James Skaffer, Louisa Smith, Wm. Stiff, Charles Ibersen Sweet, I. Donaldson Tait, Eliza Tait, Agnes Thompson, Martha Thompson, Clara White, Minnie Wismer.

DISASTER AT QUEBEC.

Quebec, Sept. 20, 10 a.m.—The extent of last night's disaster is likely from present indications to fall but little short of that which occurred on nearly the same spot on May 19, 1841, when eight buildings were destroyed and thirty-two persons killed. In 1852 several others were killed half-a-mile further up the street by a similar avalanche of rock. Still the warnings were disregarded, and the people continued to build and take up their habitations immediately below the overhanging mass of rock that juts out from the front of the Cape and in the narrow street that bears the name of Quebec's founder, and that occupies all the space between the cliff and the river, save the wharves which serve also as the back-yards of houses where last night's disaster occurred. The Federal government, warned by the representations of Hon. Thos. McGreevy, member of parliament for the division of Quebec West, expended a large sum of money about the year 1881 in purchasing and removing several houses on the cliff side of the street and in building a huge retaining wall several feet thick to prevent disaster from falling rocks to dwellers across the street. Those portions of rock which protruded in a most dangerous manner were also removed. Two fearful rainstorms and floods succeeding a month of dry weather filled the crevices of the soil immediately below and beyond the southern extremity of Dufferin terrace and last night the enormous mass was detached from the cliff and hurled over the retaining walls, pushing half-a-dozen houses out of the way and crushing most of them beneath its weight. The debris of rock filled up the narrow street to a depth of thirty feet, and cut off all communication between a portion of the city north and south of it.

ON THE SURFACE.

Skin diseases appear on the surface and are often humiliating to the sufferer from them. From two to three bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters will cure salt rheum, erysipelas, shingles, tetter, nettle rash, eczema, boils, pimples, or blotches, at the same time restoring the general health.

THE CRADLE.

BOYCE.—At Friden Lea, Abernethy, on August 30th, the wife of Herbert F. Boyce, of a daughter.

JERROLD.—At Qu'Appelle, on the 26th inst., the wife of Mr. Percy Jerrold, of a son.

TO RENT.

ON EASY TERMS, an Improved Farm adjoining the town limits of Qu'Appelle, 80 acres fenced, 10 acres broken and a good well. Also New House to rent by the year, with or without the farm. For particulars apply to A. C. Paterson, Qu'Appelle, or GEO. S. MURPHY, Meosomni, N.W.T.

Qu'Appelle, Sept. 14, 1889.

ASTRAY.

LOST from Qu'Appelle, on the 10th inst. a one hindie steer, two years old, when last seen had on a rope. Any person giving information leading to its recovery will be suitably rewarded.

W. H. BELL, Qu'Appelle, Sept. 12, 1889.

A LINE FROM GLADSTONE.

My little son aged two, was seized with diarrhoea, followed by piles, two two doses of Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry gave relief, and half the bottle effected a cure. Mrs. J. A. McIntyre, Gladstone, Man. This medicine is a specific for all summer complaints of children or adults.

The Ladies of the Presbyterian Church Qu'Appelle, will hold a

SOCIAL,

ON Thursday, Oct. 10,

At 7:30 p.m., at the IMMIGRANT BUILDING.

In aid of the Choir Fund. Refreshments during Intermission. Tickets 25 Cents.

J. G. BROWN, Carriage & Wagon Maker.

Repairs of all kinds of Wood Work promptly attended to.

Shop one door North of F. Marwood's Blacksmith Shop. Qu'Appelle.



Agricultural Societies in the North-West Territories.

IN order to give effect to the vote of the last Session of Parliament of \$10,000 in aid of Agricultural Societies in the North-West Territories, the following apportionment and regulations have been decided:

1. An Agricultural Society having fifty members, each of whom shall have subscribed \$1, may receive from the above vote \$150, and \$3 for each additional subscriber of \$1 each, not exceeding eighty-three in all; or for a subscription of \$83.33 the Society having membership as above would be entitled to receive \$250, which is the largest amount that will be paid from the vote to any one Society.

2. It is a condition of any payment under the preceding section that the Treasurer of any Agricultural Society shall be required to furnish, not later than the 15th October next, to the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, a statement showing:

(a) The name of the Society, and where located;
(b) The names of the several officers; and
(c) A copy of the list of the members of the Society, with the amounts subscribed and paid, set opposite the name of each.

3. This statement must be certified by a declaration made before a Justice of the Peace, that it is true, and that the subscriptions have been paid.

By order of the Minister of Agriculture, JOHN LOWE, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, 11th September, 1889.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS for Collector for the Municipality of South Qu'Appelle for the current year, will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock, on Saturday, October 6th, 1889. Applications to give names of two satisfactory sureties.

By Order, A. M. McLANE, Clerk.

Sept. 11, 1889.

FOR SALE.

1 Thoroughbred Bull with pedigree.
23 Cows, all in calf to thoroughbred bull.
20 Calves.
6 Yearlings.
Would take a pair of good working horses in exchange.
Time given on part of purchase money.
L. W. MULLHOLLAND, Qu'Appelle.

S. John's School for Boys QU'APPELLE STATION. Head Master, Mr. T. A. Owen.

TIME above School will open on Thursday September 1st.
FEES: \$80 per term, from which a deduction of 10 per cent. will be made for payment in advance.
Tuition only \$15 per Term.
For further particulars apply to the Head Master.